

Reducing PFAS in Your Drinking Water

Home water filters can reduce your exposure to PFAS. Costs range from \$20 for pitchers to over \$1,000 for whole-home systems, plus maintenance.



Certification: Helpful but Not Essential

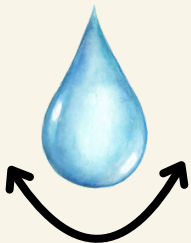
Certifications are a bonus, but many non-certified devices can still reduce PFAS. For extra assurance, look for NSF, UL, or WQA marks clearly claiming PFOA/PFOS reduction.

Types of Filters



Granular Activated Carbon

Uses Carbon to trap PFAS.



Reverse Osmosis

Pushes water through a membrane to remove PFAS.



Ion Exchange Resins

Attracts and holds PFAS molecules.

Home Owners Checklist

- ✓ Does the filter claim a PFAS reduction?
- ✓ What type is it?
- ✓ What is the initial and ongoing maintenance cost?
- ✓ Is it a 'whole home' or 'point-of-use' filter?
- ✓ How often does maintenance need to be done?
- ✓ Does the manufacturer provide a performance data sheet or has the device undergone independent testing or certification?
- ✓ Does the flow rate of the device meet your personal and household needs?

Contact Us

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Learn More



Maintenance Matters



Follow the manufacturer's maintenance schedule. Skipping it can leave your filter ineffective, allowing PFAS to stay in your water. You can drop off your used home filter cartridges at the City of North Bay's Household Hazardous Waste Depot.