

Learning Objectives

- To understand the significance of safe, stable, nurturing relationships in early childhood
- To define early relational health
- To identify opportunities to integrate early relational health into practice



Child Development: Concepts

- Early experiences in life build "brain architecture"
- Genes and environments together interact to shape the architecture of the brain
- "Toxic stress" and adverse experiences derail healthy child development
- Brain plasticity and the ability to change behaviour decrease over time

Human Brain Development

Synapse Formation Dependent on Early Experiences

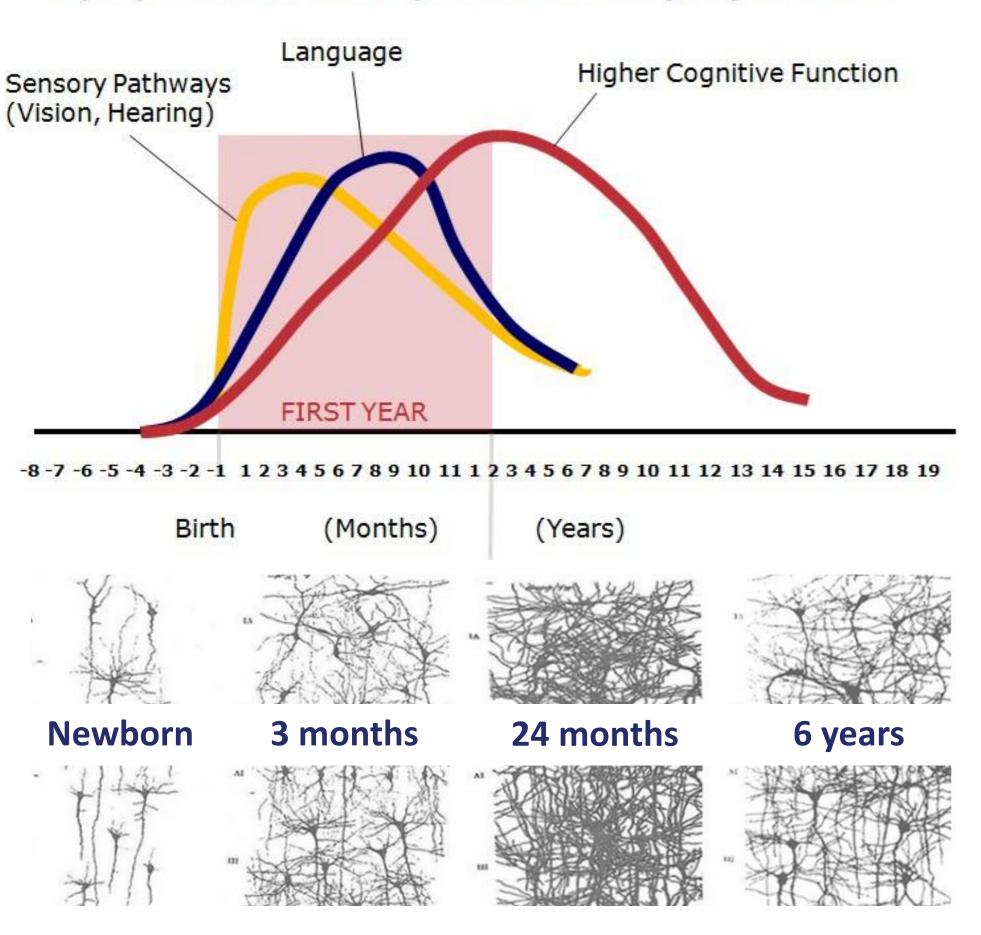


Image source: National Research Council (2000)

Adverse Childhood Experiences



mental illness

problematic substance use

emotional and sexual abuse

poverty

discrimination



neglect (physical or emotional)

domestic violence

incarceration

divorce separation

violence

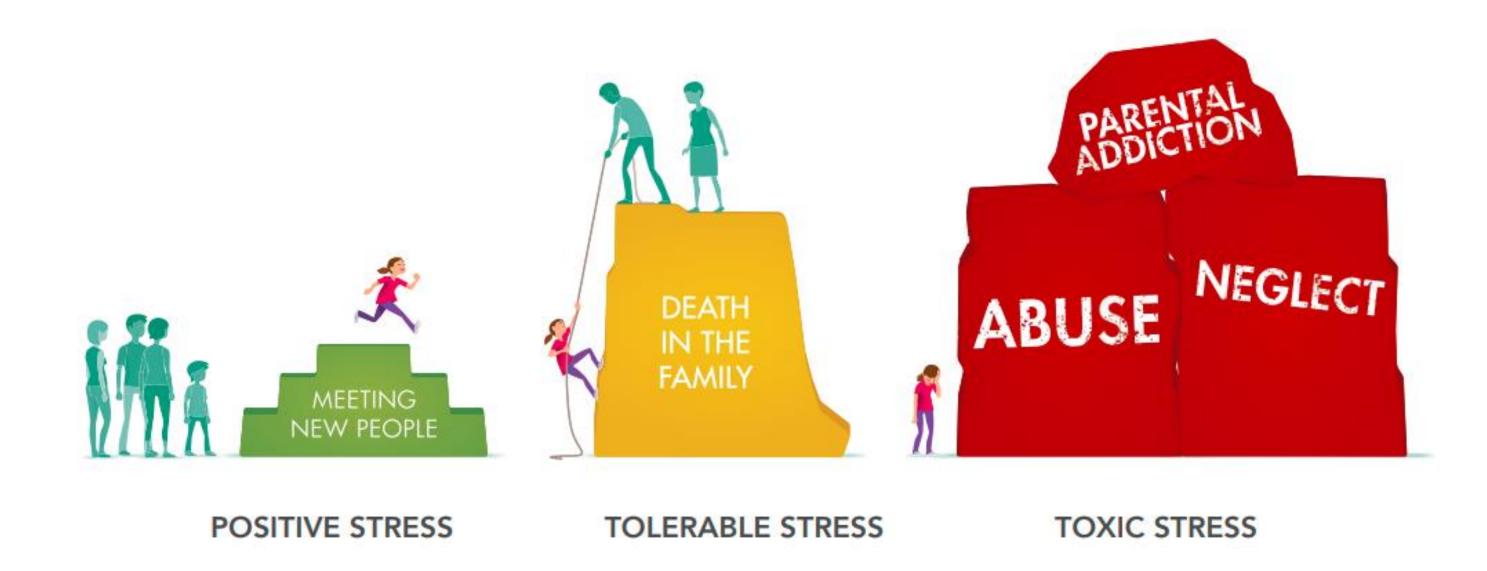
poor housing (quality and affordability)

lack of opportunity, economic mobility, and social capital

Adverse Community Environments



Not All Stress is Equal



Toxic stress weakens the architecture of the developing brain and other organ systems (Center on the Developing Child at Harvard University, 2015).

We can tip the scale toward wellness and resilience.



Early Relational Health (ERH) Not a new concept, but a new term

ERH builds upon decades of research from the fields of:
Child development
Infant mental health
Neurodevelopment



Early Relational Health

Definition: A foundational, culturally embedded and developing set of positive, responsive and reciprocal interactions from birth that nurture and build emotional connections between caregivers, infants and young children and results in the emerging confidence, competence and emotional well-being for all.

Parent-Child Interactions

Early experiences affect the development of **brain architecture**, which provides the foundation for all future learning, behaviour, and health.

Center on the Developing Child at Harvard University (2022)

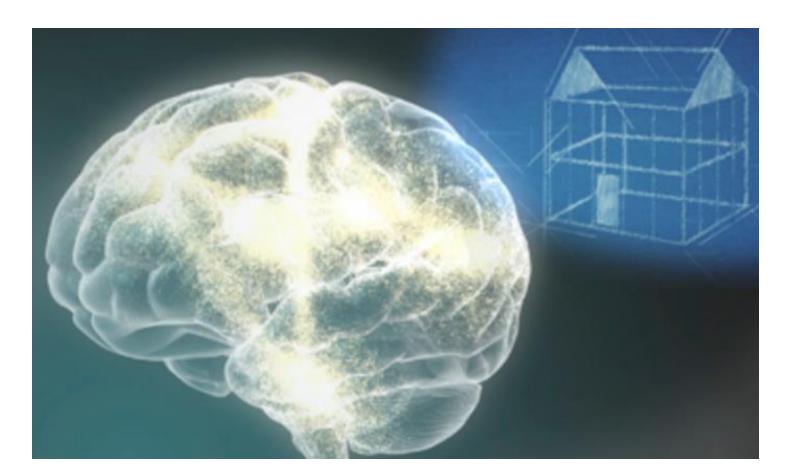




Image source: Center on the Developing Child at Harvard University, 2022



Reciprocal Benefits of Early Relational Health

Benefits for children

Physical and Behavioural Benefits

- Strengthened immune system
- Decreased risk for cardiovascular disease
- Healthier eating and sleep habits

Social and Emotional Benefits

- Easier management and regulation of emotions
- Decreased anxiety

Benefits for adults

Physical and Behavioural Benefits

- Increased cardiac health
- Increased stress resilience

Social and Emotional Benefits

- Decreased symptoms of depression
- Increased social understanding



Integrating Early Relational Health Into Practice

- Increase awareness of ERH and the impact on child development:
 - Builds resilience
 - Mitigates impact of ACEs/Toxic Stress
- Assess Relational Health in health care settings (and Self-Assess for personal biases)
- **Discuss** concerns with parents using a strength base approach:
 - What is wrong with you or your family vs what happened to you?
 - What is wrong with you vs what is going right with you or your family?
 - Role modelling (nurturing relationship) to parents
 - Praise parents
 - Take the time to develop relationships with clients and their children
 - Connect families to community supports
- Build communities centered on ERH



YouTube: Incorporating Reach Out and Read at the 6-Month Visit (Reach Out and Read)



Reflections

Early relational health links to all maternal-child topics

- Breastfeeding
- Perinatal mood and anxiety disorders
- Nutrition
- And more!

Key Resources

- Canadian Paediatric Society https://cps.en/documents/position/from-aces-to-early-relational-health
- Alberta Family Wellness Initiative https://www.albertafamilywellness.org
- Center on the Developing Child Harvard University <u>https://developmingchild.harvard.edu</u>
- More questions: Please contact us at the North Bay Parry Sound Health Unit, Family
 Health Information Line available at healthunit.ca or (705) 474-1400
 ext 5351 or toll free 1-800-563-2808

References

- Adorable moment of father and toddler having conversation [Video]. (2019, June 9). https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=Yn8j4XRxSck
- Alberta Family Wellness Initiative. (2018). *Brain Story Concepts: Learning Cards*. https://www.albertafamilywellness.org/assets/Resources/Learning-Cards.pdf
- Bell, A., Agnihotri, R. (2024) Commentary. Early relational health care: What is known and what is new for family physicians. *Canadian Family Physician* 70:298-302.
- Center on the Developing Child Harvard University. (2023, May 5). Center on the Developing Child at Harvard University. Retrieved September 20, 2024, from https://developingchild.harvard.edu
- Center for the Study of Social Policy. Retrieved September 20, 20, from https://cssp.org/perspectives-on-erh-series
- Garner, A., Yogman, M. (2021) Preventing childhood toxic stress: Partnering with families and communities to promote relational health. *Pediatrics*. 148(2). https://doi.org/10.1542/peds.2021-052582
- Li, J., Ramirez, T. (2023) Early relational health: A review of research, principles, and perspectives. *The Burke Foundation*. Perspectives 2023sept.pdf

References

- National Research Council. 2000. From neurons to neighborhoods: The science of early childhood development.
 Washington, DC: The National Academies Press. https://doi.org/10.17226/9824
- North Bay Parry Sound District Health Unit. (2023). Mental Health Promotion Framework: An evidence based strategic approach to mental health promotion.
- Reach out and Read. (2022, October 21). Incorporating Reach Out and Read at the 6-Month Visit [Video]. https://youtu.be/4pyf4j 7 Bs
- US Centers of Disease Control and Prevention. (n.d.). https://www.cdc.gov/policy/polaris/healthtopics/ace/index.html.
 Retrieved September 9, 20,
- US Centers for Disease & Control Prevention. (2021, April 6). https://www.cdc.gov/violenceprevention/aces/about.html
- Williams, R.C. (2023) Position Statement. From ACEs to early relational health: Implications for clinical practice. Pediatric
 Child Health 28(6):377-384. https://cps.ca/en/documents/position/from-aces-to-early-relational-health

